

'SUFFS' TO FIGHT REPUBLICANS IN FALL CAMPAIGN

ENTIRE STRENGTH OF CONNECTICUT SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION WILL BE USED IN CAMPAIGN—TIRED OF VAGUE BENEVOLENCE.

Hartford, June 9.—Connecticut suffragists are redoubting efforts to bring Connecticut into the line of states ratifying the federal amendment even though Governor Holcomb has refused every request to call such a session, including that made by the forty-seven women representing as many states, and the one made by the legislature itself.

The state suffrage association has decided to roll up its sleeves and go into the fall election campaign with the avowed effort of working against the party that has worked against suffrage. That party, they declare, is the Republican party.

The statement which declares this policy was given out at the close of a conference held today at Suffrage Headquarters in Hartford with the Men's Republican Ratification Committee and the Men's Advisory Committee, for the purpose of considering ways and means for carrying out an aggressive policy. The statement adds that "we shall apply this policy logically, that is, we shall make specific exception of all those Republican candidates who are actively helping us, or will pledge themselves to help us."

"We now want to know unequivocally where every man in public life stands," said Miss Katharine Ludington, president of the association, when interviewed in regard to the plan for the most warlike policy which the

RECESS APPOINTMENTS MADE BY PRESIDENT

Washington, June 9.—President Wilson today made recess appointments of Henry Jones Ford of New Jersey, Mark W. Potter of New York and James Duncan of Massachusetts, to be members of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Marston Taylor Bogert, of New York, and Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts were named members of the United States Tariff Commission.

Nicholas Kelley of New York, was appointed assistant secretary of the treasury.

The appointees to the Interstate Commerce Commission were nominated some weeks ago but the Senate failed to act on them. When they take office all vacancies on the commission will have been filled, including the two new places created by the transportation act which increased the membership from nine to eleven.

Former Governor McCall also was nominated some time ago but the Senate adjourned without acting on his nomination. The appointment of Mr. Bogert to the tariff commission is a new one. Mr. Bogert is a chemist and member of the National Research Council; the general munitions board; the United States Board on Gas Warfare, and the Committee on Chemicals of the Council of National Defense.

Mr. Kelley, who is an official in the treasury department, will succeed Norman Davis, who is to be appointed under-secretary of state, vice Frank L. Polk resigned.

ing the two new places created by the transportation act which increased the membership from nine to eleven.

Other demands included: Immediate relief from high cost of living burdens; extension of the farm loan act to give credit to all property owners; organized co-operatives and individual farmers; issuance of a monthly statement by the department of labor on the cost of manufacture of staple articles; prompt federal investigation of profits and prices and the making accessible of all income and other tax returns; observance of the enforcement and extension of the federal maximum eight hour law in all civil departments of the government; revision of the federal compensation law to care for those not reached by state laws as well as sufferers from industrial accidents and occupational diseases; exclusion from interstate commerce of products of convict labor; repeal of the labor provisions of the Esch-Cummings law; direct election of federal judges by the people for terms not exceeding six years, and action to prevent federal legislation being held unconstitutional.

The statement also declared against the use of force by the United States in Mexico to compel Mexicans to sea, their crews shrieking for help to purpose to "exploit" Mexico's resources.

Labor pledged itself, it added, to uphold the federal law protecting its rights against unwarrantable issuance of writs of injunction, either prohibitory or mandatory.

"It is essential," continued the statement, "that additional legislation regulating immigration should be enacted based on two fundamental principles, namely that the flow of immigration must not at any time exceed the nation's ability to assimilate and Americanize foreigners coming to our shores and that no time shall be permitted when there exists

TRYING TO FIX RESPONSIBILITY "GAS" EXPLODES MONEY MISSING

Coroner John J. Phelan held an inquest this morning into the death of Waail Urchene, who died Monday afternoon from drinking cyanide of potassium, under the mistaken impression that it was gin. The object of the inquiry was to discover if there was any criminal responsibility upon the part of the owners of the saloon at 184 Railroad avenue.

The coroner questioned the persons who were present in the saloon at the time that Urchene went behind the bar and took the demijohn containing the solution, and poured out the drinks for himself and friend, to discover if the proprietors had been guilty of criminal negligence in allowing the demijohn to be where it was found by the deceased or in allowing the dead man to help himself, knowing that there was poison within his reach. The coroner reserved his finding.

For building his garage about a foot on the adjoining land on Harrison court, Erwin M. Jennings was obliged to pay John L. Carpenter and others the sum of \$350 according to a decision handed down by Howard J. Curtis in the Superior court.

DECLARE WAR ON LEAGUE

A. F. of L. Asked To Fight Ratification.

Montreal, June 9.—Free Ireland sympathizers in the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor here today declared war on the League of Nations ratification program recommended by the executive council.

They asserted they were against any covenant "that binds the American people by solemn obligation to respect and preserve the territorial integrity of Great Britain."

The Irish delegates, headed by Dan MacKilloh of Los Angeles, Cal., have organized to fight the executive council's proposal that the Federation call upon Congress to ratify the League without reservation.

"Ireland's hope for a republic will go aglimmering if the League is ratified," said Mr. MacKilloh. "Irishmen can never approve a covenant that denies the small nations of the world the right of self determination."

The convention also was stirred today by a resolution presented by the national committee for organizing iron and steel workers, which cited the alleged unlawful acts of western Pennsylvania authorities in suppressing free speech and free assembly and asked that the federation invite President Wilson to make an address to Duquesne, Pa., on the subject of "Free press, free speech and free assembly."

Six federation organizers were recently sentenced to jail for addressing steel workers' meeting in Duquesne and their cases now are to be carried to the supreme court. The national federation of federal employees today asked the convention to call upon congress to "re-classify the civil service and adopt a wage scale commensurate with the skill, training and responsibility involved in the work performed, and with just relation to the increased cost of living."

The resolution said, "The efficiency of the government service is suffering by reason of high turnovers and actual vacancies in hundreds of positions for which the wages offered are insufficient to attract any workers." The federal employees' organization also asks that Congress be urged to provide for the study of social and industrial problems and technical research in all branches of science touching the welfare of the nation's people."

The resolution also has before it a report on profiteering which discloses that shoes that sold in 1913 for \$1.00 now are sold for \$1.25, while the increase in labor cost has been only 40 cents. Practically the only persons proceeded against under the Lever act were the miners who were seeking relief from the high cost of living, the report added.

Resolutions covering other vital industrial and political problems in the United States were made public at the convention resumed its sessions with James Duncan, vice president, presiding.

Mrs. Sarah Conway of New York, secretary and treasurer of the textile workers' organization, announced her candidacy for vice president of the Federation.

Following a recent bulletin from Washington, Chief O'Connell also announced that a special drive has been started to round up all delinquents who have been slack in the payment of taxes.

The plan was to canvass all stores, theatres and other places of like nature in this city and check up on those who have been slack in making returns on their taxes.

Special taxes on jitneys, motor boats, automobiles, pool tables, bowling alleys, brokers, pawn brokers, doctors and other persons and places that come under these special taxes must be paid at the office of the Internal Revenue Collector's office in the Federal building on or before June 30. Wholesale liquor dealers who are still distributing liquor for medicinal purposes come under the head of these special taxes. The tax in the latter case is \$100. Most of the above other mentioned are liable to a tax of \$10.

After the end of the month when the returns are completed it is expected that over \$150,000,000 will have been collected in the state.

Bridgeport today was free from Burns detectives, probably for the first time since April 17, when the New Yorkers conducted wholesale raids in this city. Lieutenant Fred A. Bozeman, of the Burns squad, could not be located this morning, and it was learned that he left yesterday for New York. The nature of the business which called the Burns man away at this time when he is deeply implicated in the inquiry which has resulted from charges entered by Frank Cozza, alleged white slaver, could not be ascertained today.

Prosecuting Attorney Alexander L. DeLaney said this morning that the investigation which he started Monday is still under way, but no new developments have occurred. The prosecutor refused to state whether or not a warrant had been issued for Lieutenant Bozeman, whom Cozza accuses of "beating him up" during an interview with the "wake-up" in the office of the "vice squad" Saturday afternoon.

Business men are seen carefully reading the ads to see where they can buy bargains, while some of their clerks are too proud to ask the price of anything.

East Hampton, N. Y., June 9.—Although all roads leading from the home of Enrico Caruso, opera singer, have been closely guarded since the \$500,000 jewel robbery there last night, detectives today expressed belief that the "lift" was an "inside job." The way in which they worked, the police say, indicates that the burglars were familiar with the inside of the house.

ITALIAN CABINET RESIGNS.

Rome, June 9.—Premier Nitti announced in the Chamber of Deputies today that the cabinet had resigned.

BRIDGEPORT WILL GO DEMOCRATIC SAYS JOHN T. KING

Chicago, June 8.—John T. King, retiring national committeeman, said with the Connecticut delegation at the opening session of the Republican national convention today just long enough to announce that he will resign from the state central committee upon his return from the convention and that Bridgeport will go Democratic in the fall by 5,000, or 6,000. Except for a few painful minutes that he spent at the Brookline dinner last night and his brief stay today, King has been entirely out of touch with the Connecticut delegation since the state convention in New Haven in March.

RATIFICATION IS MAIN PLANK

Cummings Silent on Other Features of Democratic Platform.

San Francisco, June 9.—A declaration in favor of ratification of the treaty of Versailles will be the main plank in the Democrat platform, according to Homer S. Cummings, chairman of the Democratic National Committee who arrived here late last night to prepare for the national convention.

"What other big, constructive planks will be built into the platform is not for me to say at this time," he said.

BELIEVE NOTED FORGER TAKEN

Has Prison Record of 40 Years—Swindled Many Banks.

New York, June 9.—Charles Henry Conrad Fisher, 72, was arrested today on a charge of being the "pen" of a gang of forgers which has defrauded New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Providence and New Haven banks of \$40,000.

The charge against the gray bearded man, whose police record is alleged to show he passed 40 years in prison, is that he acted in concert with other forgers in forging checks, money orders and promissory notes. Four men under arrest in New Haven allegedly have made admissions, which are said to implicate Fisher, are Jacob Stern, Edward Leslie, Louis Novelli and Steve Nelson.

Detective Lahey of the New Haven police assisted in Fisher's arrest.

SEWAGE PLANT READY SEPT. 1

The new pumping station and sewage disposal plant, under construction by the Eastern Engineering Co., at the foot of Boston street, will be in operation about the first of September, according to William Shaughnessy, president of the company. The project is rapidly nearing completion, but about \$300,000 worth of machinery will have to be installed before the plant is in working order.

The machinery may delay the operation of the plant because with the conditions in freight transportation at the present time it is a hard matter to know just when the machinery will arrive. Special men have to be sent out to look up cars consigned to this city for the plant.

ESTIMATE FIRE LOSS \$250,000

Chatham, N. Y., June 9.—Fire early today swept the business district of this village and caused a loss estimated at \$250,000. Ten buildings, including the Bright Lumber Co., the Masonic Temple in which the post office was located, Chatham Courier, Postal Telegraph office and two tenement houses were wholly or partly destroyed.

Police officials said the fire was started by gasoline lamps coming in contact with a lighted lantern.

CITY IS FREE OF BURNS MEN

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13 KILLED AND 21 INJURED ON NEW LEADER

One Train Swept by Signals Crashing Into Another.

Schenectady, N. Y., June 9.—Thirteen persons were killed and 21 injured today when a train of express cars crashed into the rear end of a passenger train which had stopped about two miles from Schenectady because of engine trouble.

All but one of those killed were asleep in two Pullmans at the rear of the passenger train. Martin Doyle of Albany, engineer of the express, died at his post, one hand being fast to the throttle when his body was found in the wreckage.

The passengers killed were: Mrs. Watson H. Bowne, Utica, N. Y.; her 12 year old grandson, Daniel Crouse, and her 20 months old granddaughter, Marion Crouse, and John J. Kenney of Utica.

Seven unidentified men, one unidentified woman.

Nellis M. Crouse, father of the children who were killed, was severely injured with another young daughter.

Train No. 34, a Michigan Central special with ten cars carrying express matter, disregarded signals and went at high speed into train No. 28, a New York Central passenger train, bound from Buffalo to New York, according to the story of C. Robinson, brakeman of No. 28. He said he waved a red lantern in vain and finally threw it into the cab as the express dashed by.

The Pullman at the rear of the train had 12 passengers and was demolished. Its passengers were bound for New York. Next to it was a Pullman with 22 passengers destined for Boston. The other cars of the passenger train were day coaches and baggage and mail cars.

New York, June 9.—New York officials here said that Martin Doyle, engineer of the express that crashed into a passenger train near Schenectady early today, had run by three signals in meeting death at his post on his fiftieth birthday.

He disregarded a distant signal, 1.34 miles from the standing train, they said; then passed a home signal, three-quarters of a mile from the passenger train, and finally ignored the flagman of the passenger train, who had run back with a red lantern.

Railroad officials "nounced that the block signals had been inspected after the wreck and found to be in working order and set against train No. 34.

MADE HER LEAD LIFE OF SHAME

Wife Tells Appalling Story of Husband's Cruelty.

Declaring that her husband, David Berger, of 712 Howard avenue, forced her to lead an immoral life, Mrs. Wilhelmina Berger, of 176 Park street told a sordid story of her married life, when she was arraigned in the City court this morning, on a technical charge of breach of the peace.

According to the girl's statement, she married Berger, who is a jitney driver, three years ago, but has not been living with him for the past six months. She claims that her husband took her to Bardsley park in his jitney on several occasions and forced her to meet men. She also alleges that he hired a room at the corner of North and Madison avenues and brought men to see her there. Money which the wife secured as the result of these visits, was turned over to Berger, according to the testimony of the woman given in court. She stated that her husband told her he was saving the money so that he might make a home for her.

Berger made a general denial of his wife's statements, and both cases were continued until tomorrow, by Judge Frederic A. Bartlett. It is probable that Berger will be bound over to the Superior court. The man and wife were arrested by members of the "vice squad" May 27, and an investigation has been under way since that time.

SUES TO OBTAIN CAR INSURANCE

An action for \$2,000 insurance claimed to be due for the burning of a Chalmers automobile on March 20, 1920, has been brought to the September term of the Court of Common Pleas by Earl Christian of this city. The plaintiff claims that he insured the car with the Union Insurance Society of Canton, October 20, 1919, and paid a premium of \$63.75 to the company. That the car was completely destroyed by fire, and proof of damage was presented to the Insurance company and that they refuse to pay.

LUMBER MEN MEET.

New Haven, June 9.—Lumber men from various sections of Connecticut met here today for the annual business session of the Lumber Dealers Association. A noon-day luncheon was addressed by General Manager C. L. Bardo of the New Haven road, and F. L. Clark, secretary of the trade organization in New York. The guest of the day was J. W. McClure, of Nashville, Tenn., president of the National Wholesale Lumber Dealers Association.

NO ALLUSION TO ANY PREFERENCE AMONG NEW LEADER

LODGE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN — MISSOURI'S TWO DELEGATES RESTORED — DECISION IN TENNESSEE CONTEST GREAT SURPRISE.

Chicago, June 9.—Delegates to the Republican National Convention assembled at the Coliseum today for the second session with their views as to who shall lead the party at the polls next November still a mystery even to themselves.

While giving uproarious approval yesterday to Chairman Lodge's keynote address calling for destruction of the "Wilson dynasty" not a sign of any preference came from the thousand whose votes will select the Republican presidential candidate to undertake the job. There were no demonstrations even for favorite sons; no mention of the "big three" among the aspirants, Wood, Johnson and Lowden.

Aside from guesses as to what the more than 500 uninstructed delegates will do when the roll is called for their votes, the main topic of conversation, assertion, counter assertion and conjecture has been the number of ballots through which the "big three" can hold the lines of their instructed cohorts. Should their forces remain firm indefinitely the search for a dark horse will begin in earnest to break the three-way deadlock that would result.

The convention escaped a second keynote speech, by the selection of Senator Lodge as permanent chairman, thus following the plan of 1912 and 1916 of making the temporary organization permanent.

Today's business consisted of hearing a report of progress from the committee framing a platform and a report from the credentials committee which takes up the permanent roll.

Missouri got back her two lost delegates, through last night's action of the credentials committee which reversed the national committee's decision that conditions in the electorate in Kansas City were so bad it would not seat any of the delegates. That restored the total number of delegates in the convention to 984 and the number necessary for a nomination to 493.

The overturning of the national committee's decision in the Tennessee contest also came as a surprise. Robert Church of Memphis, reputed to be one of the wealthiest and most influential negroes in the south, had been seated by the national committee after a straight out black and white fight. The credentials committee charged that the negroes had bolted the convention, Church, said to favor Lowden, was seated by the national committee and had the backing of many prominent members in his fight. The credentials committee threw him out. The white contestants appealed to the committee to take the Republican organization in Memphis "out of the hands of the negro domination."

The day had begun crisp and cool but it took a sudden shift as the convention began assembling and it looked as if the delegates and visitors were about to get their first taste of June convention weather. The sun beating down on the big drumlike roof of the Coliseum radiated its heat down into the space below. Paiment

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KEEP LEAGUE QUESTION FROM OPEN DEBATE

Chicago, June 9.—The League of Nations plank still was undefined today 24 hours before the Republican platform was to be presented to the national convention.

Senator Watson of Indiana, head of the sub-committee, maintained that in the event the league plank moved away from the swirl of delegates, took up quarters in a secluded hotel bedroom, left orders that it was not to be disturbed for anyone or for any reason, took off its coats literally as well as figuratively and settled down to its job. Members predicted it would not be ready to quit before midnight at the earliest.

Boistering the prediction of an agreement however, was a feeling in many quarters that the league question must not be permitted to reach the convention floor where everyone realized it might set off fireworks of a destructive nature.

Aside from the treaty issue most of the platform material was in such shape that only the finishing touches had to be added by the sub-committee. There still remained to be determined however, some details of the Mexican declaration and some questions of policy regarding industrial relations.

Realizing that it had serious party history to write, the sub-committee moved away from the swirl of delegates, took up quarters in a secluded hotel bedroom, left orders that it was not to be disturbed for anyone or for any reason, took off its coats literally as well as figuratively and settled down to its job. Members predicted it would not be ready to quit before midnight at the earliest.

Senator Borah was on hand from the start although the league plank was not to be taken up for several days. He picked out a comfortable berth on a bed and waited.

At the outset of its meeting the sub-committee read through the report of Chairman Hays' committee of 171 as it had been revised in pre-convention conferences. It dealt with virtually no controversial subjects and most of it was written in to the platform without extended discussion.

Avila, Spain, June 9.—Six persons including the mayor of this city, were killed yesterday when lightning struck a church here.

On Board the U. S. S. Pennsylvania, June 9.—Lightning struck two kite observation balloons operating with the Atlantic fleet off the Chesapeake capes tonight. Both the balloons were destroyed. They were not manned at the time they were struck.

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